# **Idita-Phonics**

## Developed by:

Kelly Villar (extension of Lucy Calkins Phonics Unit 1 Bend 1)

#### Discipline / Subject:

ELA

Topic:

Phonics

## Grade Level:

Elementary

## **Resources / References / Materials Teacher Needs:**

- Classroom chart of phonics skills to be addressed (grade specific)
- 8 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> x11 paper with the names of the Iditarod checkpoints prewritten
- Markers/crayons/colored pencils
- Checkpoint pronunciation <u>https://iditarod.com/zuma/virtual-trail-journey-</u> checkpoint-pronunciation-and-quick-facts/

## Lesson Summary:

Students will use their prior knowledge of phonics to discover the patterns in Iditarod checkpoint names.

## Standards Addressed: (Local, State, or National)

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.1.2.A Distinguish long from short vowel sounds in spoken single-syllable words.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.1.2.C Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable words.

## CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.1.2.D

Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes).

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.1.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.1.3.A Know the spelling-sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.1.3.C Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.1.3.D Use knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.1.3.E Decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking the words into syllables.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.2.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.2.3.A Distinguish long and short vowels when reading regularly spelled one-syllable words.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.2.3.B Know spelling-sound correspondences for additional common vowel teams.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.2.3.C Decode regularly spelled two-syllable words with long vowels.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.3.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.3.3.C Decode multisyllable words.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.4.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.4.3.A

Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.

<ul> <li>Learning Objectives:</li> <li>Students will: <ul> <li>Correctly identify the number of syllables a word has.</li> <li>Identify long and short vowels in a word</li> <li>identify the location of a capital letter.</li> <li>identify the silent e</li> <li>identify diagraphs and blends in words</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Assessment:</li> <li>Completed checkpoint with phonics skills correctly labeled.</li> <li>Sharing of checkpoint.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Procedural Activities <ol> <li>Review and post phonics skills you have covered with your class. For second grade, in September I would post: <ul> <li>Syllables</li> <li>Short Vowels</li> <li>Long Vowels</li> <li>Silent e</li> <li>Diagraphs (sh, th, wh, ch, ph)</li> <li>Blends (I blends, r blends, sk, st)</li> <li>Capitals</li> <li>Consonants</li> <li>Double Consonants</li> </ul> </li> <li>If activity is done later in the school year more skills should be added (vowel teams, etc)</li> <li>Have prepared on 8.5 x 11 or larger paper the names of all the checkpoints. Using <a href="https://iditarod.com/zuma/virtual-trail-journey-checkpoint-pronunciation-and-quick-facts/">https://iditarod.com/zuma/virtual-trail-journey-checkpoints. Show an example of how to be a phonics detective.</a></li> </ol></li></ul>	

